## Deco Triangle Eappings

## An original earring design by Laura McCabe, ©2016

Designed exclusively for the Beadworkers Guild National Beading Week 2016
Instructions by Laura McCabe, Illustrations by Melissa Grakowsky-Shippee


## Supply List

Materials:

- $11^{\circ}$ Japanese cylinder beads
- color A (shiny black), 3g
- color B (metallic silver), 1 g
- 150 round Japanese seed beads
- color A (shiny black), 50 beads
- color B (metallic silver), 10 beads
- color C (shiny gold), 70 beads
- $15^{\circ}$ Czech charlottes, 150 beads
- 39 ss or 8 mm Swarovski rivolis, 2 stones
- French hook ear wires, 1 pair

Notions:

- beading thread (6lb Fireline recommended)
- size 12 and size 13 beading needles


## Tools:

- microcrystalline wax
- scissors



## Dart One: Constructing the $T_{\text {riangle }}$

1. Begin by threading up approximately 5 feet of beading thread onto a size 12 beading needle and wax well. String up two cylinder B, five cylinder A, two cylinder B, fifteen cylinder A, two cylinder B and fifteen cylinder A. Pass through the first cylinder B to create a circle of beads. Do not tie a knot.
(figure 1)

figure 1

figure 2

figure 3

figure 4
2. String up two cylinder B and pass through the second cylinder B in the first herringbone ladder. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) five cylinder A.

String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through the second cylinder B in the second herringbone ladder. Peyote stitch (one at a time) ten cylinder A.

String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through the second cylinder B in the third herringbone ladder.

Peyote stitch (one at a time) ten cylinder A. Be sure to step up at the end of the round. (figure 7)

figure 5

figure 6

figure 7
8. String up two cylinder B and pass through the second cylinder B in the first herringbone ladder. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) six cylinder A.

String up two cylinder B and pass through the second cylinder B in the second herringbone ladder. Peyote stitch (one at a time) eleven cylinder A.

String up two cylinder B and pass through the second cylinder B in the third herringbone ladder. Peyote stitch (one at a time) eleven cylinder A. Be sure to step up at the end of the round. (figure 8)
9. With your working thread, pass down through the second column of cylinders in the herringbone ladder and zip zag through the beads along the inside edge of the short side of the triangle. Make sure you are emerging from the last cylinder A along this inside edge before starting the next step. (figure 9)
10. String up two cylinder B and pass through the first cylinder A along the next side of the triangle, thus creating a herringbone ladder. (figure 10)
11. Peyote stitch (one at a time) seven cylinder A along the inside edge of the triangle. (figure 11)
12. String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through the first cylinder A along the inside edge of the next side of the triangle. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) seven cylinder A.

String up two cylinder B and pass through the first cylinder A along the inside edge of the short side of the triangle. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) two cylinder A. Be sure to step up at the end of the round. (figure 12)

figure 8

figure 10

figure 12

figure 9

figure 11

figure 13
13. Your thread should be emerging from the first cylinder B in the first set of two added in the previous round. String up two cylinder B and pass through the second cylinder B in the pair. Peyote stitch (one at a time) eight cylinder A.

String up two cylinder B and pass through second cylinder B in the herringbone pair. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) eight cylinder A.

String up two cylinder B and pass through the second cylinder $B$ in the herringbone pair. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) three cylinder A. Be sure to step up at the end of the round. (figure 13)
14. String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through the second cylinder $B$ in the pair. Peyote stitch (one at a time) nine cylinder A.

String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through second cylinder $B$ in the herringbone pair. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) nine cylinder A.

String up two cylinder B and pass through the second cylinder B in the herringbone pair. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) four cylinder A. Be sure to step up at the end of the round. (figure 14)
15. String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through the second cylinder B in the pair. Peyote stitch (one at a time) ten cylinder $A$.

String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through second cylinder B in the herringbone pair. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) ten cylinder A.

String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through the second cylinder B in the herringbone pair. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) five cylinder A . Be sure to step up at the end of the round. (figure 15)
16. String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through the second cylinder B in the herringbone pair. Peyote stitch (one at a time) eleven cylinder A.

String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through second cylinder B in the herringbone pair. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) eleven cylinder A.

figure 14

figure 16

figure 15

figure 17

String up two cylinder $B$ and pass through the second cylinder $B$ in the herringbone pair. Then peyote stitch (one at a time) six cylinder A. Be sure to step up at the end of the round. (figure 16)
17. String up one $15^{\circ} \mathrm{B}$ and pass down through the second cylinder in the herringbone pair. Peyote stitch (one at a time) twelve $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

String up one $15^{\circ} \mathrm{B}$ and pass down through the second cylinder in the herringbone pair. Peyote stitch (one at a time) twelve $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

figure 18

figure 19
19. Zip this layer of the triangle to the first layer of the triangle along the edge. You will probably find that due to tension and the shape of the triangle, the point at the bottom of the structure curves back slightly and doesn't lie totally straight. This is part of the design. (figure 18)
20. Once the triangle has been completely zipped along the edge, weave your thread into the beads along the short side of the triangle. Coming out of the third $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ along the top edge, string up seven $15^{\circ}$ Czech charlottes and pass through the fifth $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ along the top edge. This is the loop to which the ear wire will be attached later. (figure 19)
21. Weave off both threads, half hitching once or twice before cutting the tails.

## Dart Two: Bezeling the Stone

1. Thread up approximately 2 feet of fireline onto a size 13 beading needle and wax well. String up 22 cylinder B and pass through the first couple beads or tie a knot to create a circle. Leave approximately 6 inches of tail thread. (figure 20)

figure 20
2. Peyote stitch one row of cylinder B. At the end of the round, be sure to step up. (figure 21)
3. Peyote stitch one row of $15^{\circ} \mathrm{A}$, being sure to pull in with each bead, creating a cupped bezel. At the end of the round, be sure to step up to the inside of the ring. (figure 22)
4. Peyote stitch one row of $15^{\circ}$ Czech charlottes. (figure 23) At the end of the round, pass through the beads so that you are coming out one of the cylinder beads on the outside of the ring.
5. Place an 8 mm rivoli in the bezel, right side up. (figure 24)

While holding it in place, peyote stitch one row of $15^{\circ} \mathrm{A}$ and one row of $15^{\circ}$ Czech charlottes, pulling in with each row to hold the stone snuggly in place. At the end of the second round, half hitch once to secure everything in place.
(figure 25)
6. Weave off the tail thread, half hitching once or twice before cutting. Then weave the working thread through the beads so it is coming out of a bead in the bottom most row of cylinders in the bezel. (figure 26)

## Dart Three: Attaching the Stone to the $\mathrm{T}_{\text {riangle }}$

The stone is attached to the ring is two places using the working thread that is coming off of the bezeled stone.

1. Pass through the cylinder bead along the left hand side of the triangle that is indicated with red highlighting. Then go thru the next bead in the bottom most row of cylinders in the bezel. (figure 27)

figure 21

figure 22

figure 23

figure 24

figure 25

figure 26

figure 27
2. Weave the thread over to the other side of the bezel, zigzagging through 8 more beads so you are again coming out of a bead in the bottom most row of cylinders in the bezel.

Pass through the cylinder bead along the right hand side of the triangle that is indicated with red highlighting in figure 28. Then go through the next bead in the bottom most row of cylinders in the bezel.
3. Step up to the middle row of cylinders in the bezel. Add a picot of three $15^{\circ}$ Czech charlottes between every bead in this row. (figure 29) Weave off the thread, half hitching once or twice before cutting.

## Dart Four: Attaching the $\mathrm{Eap}_{\text {ar }} W_{\text {ire }}$

Using a pair of chain nose pliers, attach an ear wire to the loop of Czech charlottes at the top of the triangle.

Repeat the steps described above in $D_{\text {apts }}$ One through $D_{\text {apt }}$ Four to create a second eapring.

figure 28

figure 29

## Congratulations! Your Deco Triangle Earrings are Complete!



What I used...
Materials:

- $11^{\circ}$ Japanese cylinder beads
- color A (DB10 or aiko 49), 3g

- color B (DB321 or aiko 714F), 1g
- 150 round Japanese seed beads
- color A (miyuki 401 or toho 49), 50 beads
- color B (miyuki 194 or toho 714), 10 beads
- color C (miyuki 191 or toho 712), 70 beads
- $15^{\circ}$ Czech charlottes (metallic gold), 150 beads
- 39ss or 8 mm Swarovski rivolis (crystal), 2 stones
- French hook ear wires (gold filled), 1 pair

This "Deco Triangle Earrings" pattern is intended as a gift from the artist to her fellow bead people. Share the pattern and enjoy the project, but please, in keeping with the original intent, do not teach, sell or otherwise use this pattern for financial gain. Few things in life are free - as for the things that are - let's keep them that way.

